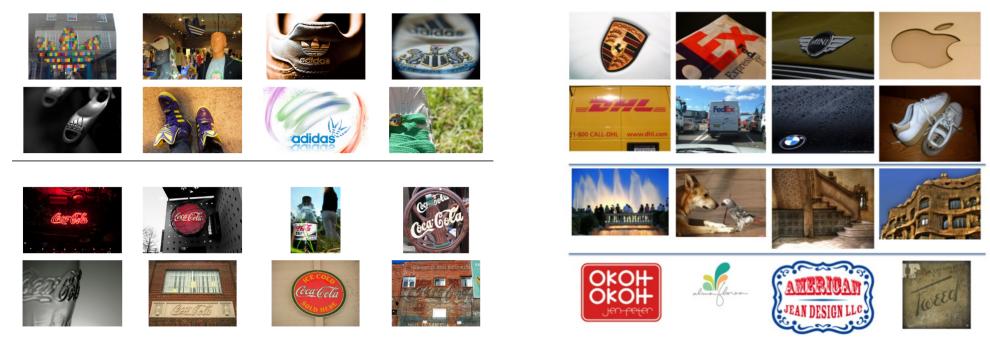
Scalable Triangulation-based Logo Detection

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1. Logo Detection in Natural Scenes

- Problem: Given an large annotated database of brand logos and one query image, detect if one or more of the logo instances appear in the query
- Broader category than near-duplicates (many different forms, or variants)



2. Novelty - Contribution

- Novel representation incorporating both visual appearance and local geometry
- Scalability in the number of classes: Querying a database of thousands of logo classes typically takes milliseconds
- ► Relatively few logo *instances* per class needed
- $\scriptstyle {\scriptstyle \bullet}$ Highly discriminative signatures \rightarrow sparse inverted index

4. Multi-scale Delaunay Triangulation

Triangle with vertices of scale s_1

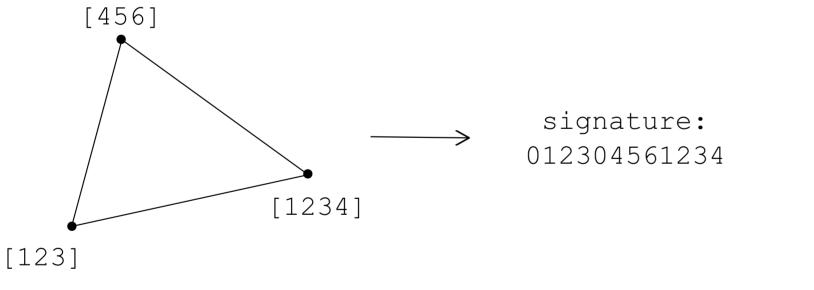
- Outlier feature of scale s_2 does not affect triangulation
- Triangle with vertices of scale s_3

3. Overview of the Approach

- ▶ Group *local features* into *triplets* by *multi-scale triangulation*
- Extract a binary signature from each triangle
- Represent each logo class by the union of signatures over all instances of the class (generative model)
- Index using a simple inverted file structure
- Extract signatures from the query image and rank classes according to the inverted index response

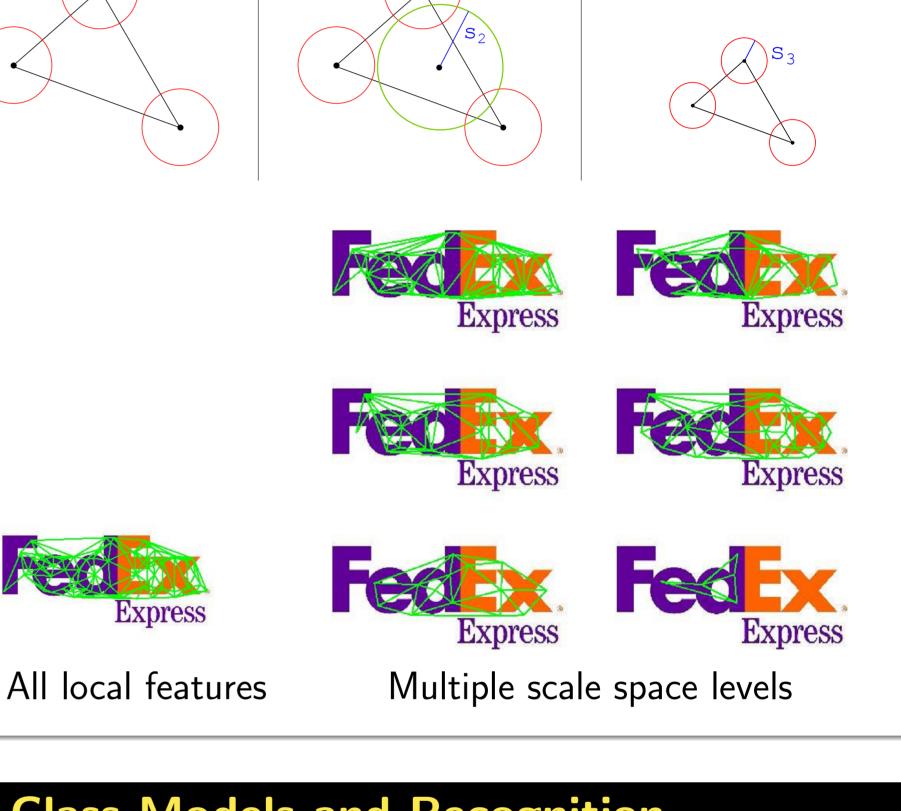
5. Triangle representation

Signature: triple of the three visual word labels in lexicographically ascending order



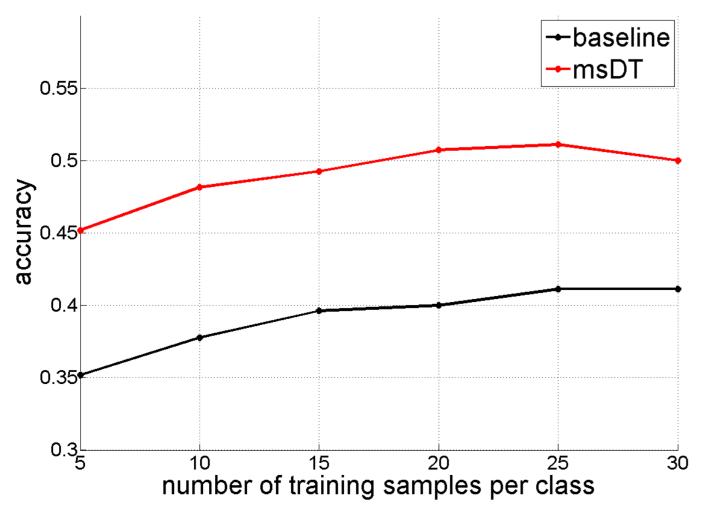
7. Dataset and Evaluation

► **Dataset:** 27 annotated brands (1080 images) and more than 4K distractor logo classes; publicly available at:



6. Class Models and Recognition

- Represent each logo class by the union of signatures of all triangles extracted from all instances of the class, along with their frequency of appearance (generative model)
- Bag-of-signatures model for each class
- Inverted index with *classes* as index atoms and *tf-idf* weighting





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